





ACTION PLAN FOR THE MONGOLIAN AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE LIVESTOCK

JAMBALTSEREN Tumur-Uya

Director-General of State Administration and Management Department, MoFALI Email: jambaltseren@mofa.gov.mn



CONTENT



















1. CURRENT SITUATION OF LIVESTOCK SECTOR









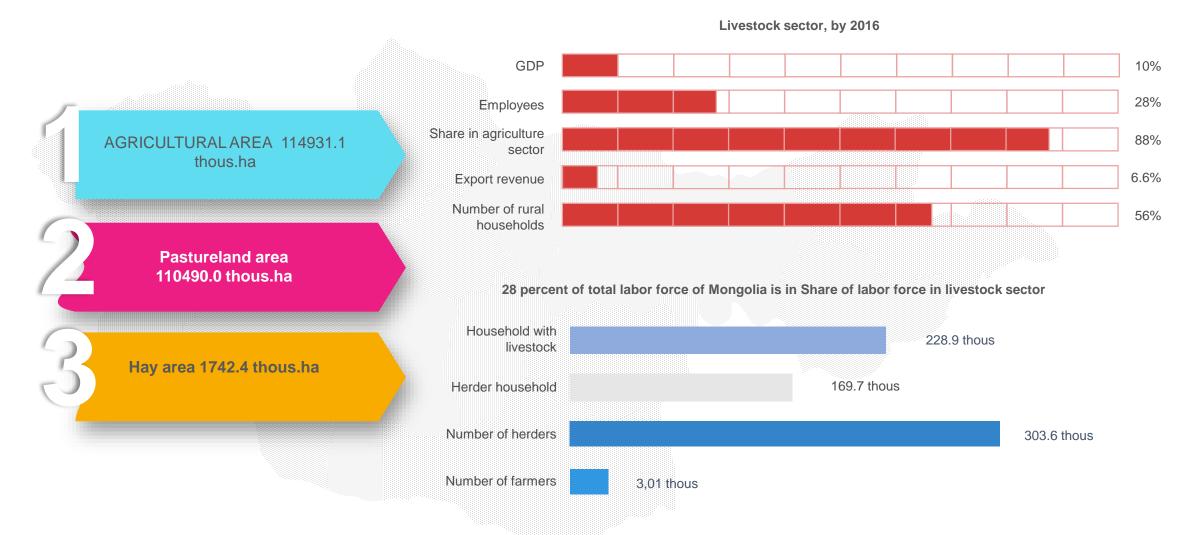








CONTRIBUTION FOR THE MONGOLIAN ECONOMY







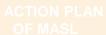








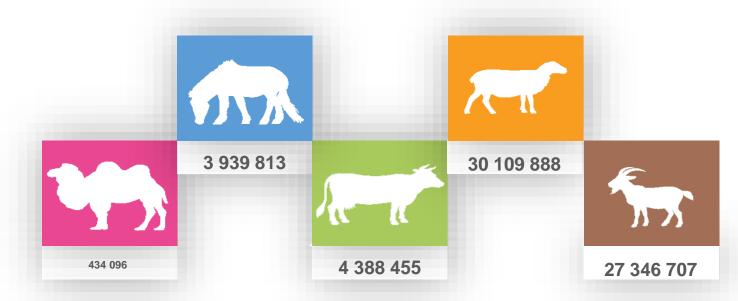




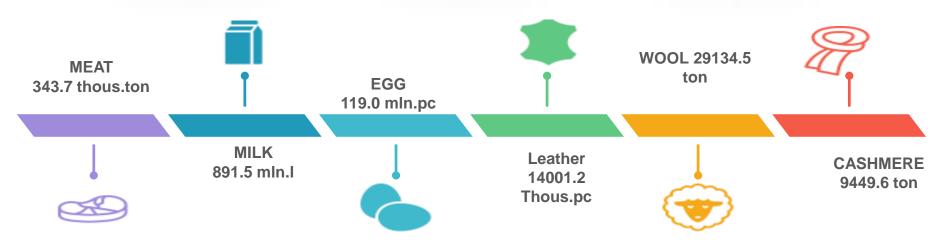


Total number of livestock is 66.2 mln heads by 2017





Raw material resources of livestock sector







1. CURRENT

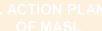
SITUATION













Main export commodities

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		Meat, ton			
Frozen beef	-	480	847,7	695,1	600
Mutton and goat meat	403,4	-	39,0	237,7	2601.6
Horse meat	2597,8	1822,2	3856,9	7983.6	26118.7
By product	790,4	202,8	42,7	8.4	127.9
Wool and cashmere, ton					
Sheep wool	2370,4	7351,3	11450,3	14090.7	16053.8
Raw cashmere	4070,3	4035,4	4988,2	5413.5	5409.7
Combed cashmere	564,5	636,6	558,9	509	581.1
Camel wool	991,0	1090,1	484,9	739,8	1204.8
	Н	ides, thous. pied	es		
Horse	209,7	65,4	6,2	415	171.02
Cattle	140,5	174,6	111,7	45.4	-
6 1. CURF					



2. MAIN PROBLEMS OF THE SECTOR







2. MAIN PROBLEMS

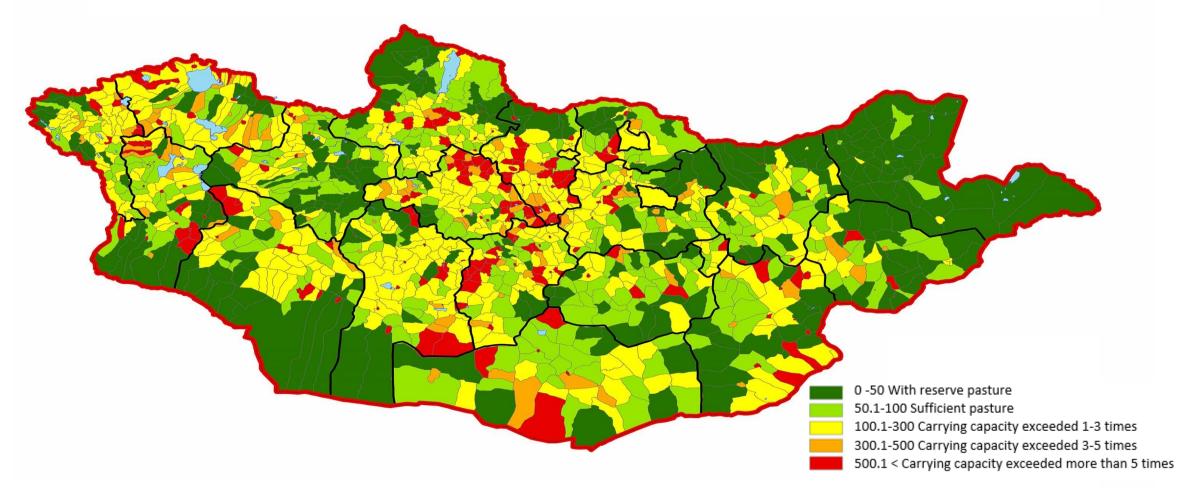








PASTURE CARRYING CAPACITY OF SPRNIG AND WINTER PASTURE, %, 2015-2016, BY BAG AREA



Develop by National Agency for Meteorology and Environmental Monitoring, August 25, 2015



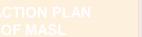














Decrease of livestock productivity and sectoral economic efficiency



- Life weight decrease: Sheep by 1-2 kg, Cattle by 30 kg (2004-2014)
- Carcasses weight of small animals decreased by 13.9% (1990-2016)
- Daily milk yield of cow decreased 19% (2010-2015)

Animal health and food security

- Herders do animal health service by themselves without professional guidance
- Unregulated not monitored animal drug use
- Limited access to veterinary services

Herder young generation

- Share of 15-34 years old young herders was 55.7% in 1990, the share has declined by 37.5% into 34.8% in 2016
- Increased rural urban migration

Health, education and social issues of herders

- Share of herders households with less than 200 livestock is 43% in total number of herders households while their herd size accounts only 12% in total number of livestock
- Rural poverty level 26.4% in 2014 and increased into 39.4% in 2016, and rural poverty level always higher than urban poverty level

















3. GOVERNMENT POLICIES IN LIVESTOCK SECTOR















Review of current policy documents in livestock sector:



- Law on Protection of Livestock Health - Sustainable Development Goals of Mongolia – 2030 - State policy on food and agriculture sector Resolutions of State policy on herders - State Policy on Medicine - Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020 - Mongolian Livestock National Programme - Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ - Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ Government Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ Resolution Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/	Law of Mongolia	· Law on Genetic Fund of Livestock
Resolutions of Parliament Parliament State policy on herders State Policy on Medicine Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020 Mongolian Livestock National Programme Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ Government Resolution Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ Pasture law /draft/		Law on Protection of Livestock Health
Resolutions of Parliament State Policy on herders - State Policy on Medicine - Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020 - Mongolian Livestock National Programme - Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ - Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ Resolution - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/		 Sustainable Development Goals of Mongolia – 2030
Parliament State Policy on Medicine Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020 Mongolian Livestock National Programme Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ Government Resolution Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ Pasture law /draft/		State policy on food and agriculture sector
- Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020 - Mongolian Livestock National Programme - Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ - Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ Resolution - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/	Resolutions of	State policy on herders
- Mongolian Livestock National Programme - Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ - Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/	Parliament	State Policy on Medicine
- Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/ - Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ Government - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/		- Action Programme of the Government of Mongolia 2016-2020
- Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/ Government - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ Resolution - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/		Mongolian Livestock National Programme
Government - Increase of meat production /2017 #14/ Resolution - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/	•	- Animal Health National Programme /2018 #12/
Resolution - Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/ - Meat National Programme/2015 #492/ - Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/		 Improving of live animal and meat export /2017 #318/
Meat National Programme/2015 #492/	Government	· Increase of meat production /2017 #14/
- Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/ - Pasture law /draft/	Resolution	 Sub Programme to support livestock sector production /2016 #114/
Documents to be Pasture law /draft/		- Meat National Programme/2015 #492/
Documents to be		- Amendment on regulation /Sheep, camel wool subsidy /2015 #122/
National program of supporting intensive animal husbandry development	Documents to be developed	- Pasture law /draft/
dovoloped Tradional program of supporting intensive animal hasbanary development		 National program of supporting intensive animal husbandry development
· Mongolian Livestock National Programme /proposal/		Mongolian Livestock National Programme /proposal/

Source: MOFALI (2017) Policy of Livestock Sector in Mongolia, http://mofa.gov.mn/exp/blog/7/240

















4. ACTION PLAN OF MONGOLIAN **AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE** LIVESTOCK (MASL)















4. GOAL

The goal of the MONGOLIAN AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE LIVESTOCK (MASL) action plan is to support the sustainable development of the Mongolian livestock sector as economically efficient while implementing sustainable pastureland management, enhancing food security and safety and social inclusiveness, and strengthening stakeholder partnerships and participation.















OBJECTIVES















To restore, rehabilitate and utilize pastureland and water resources sustainably and responsibly, to adapt to climate change, and to mitigate climate change impacts

To improve the efficiency and productivity of livestock production in various livestock product value chains, and to develop export-oriented livestock production

To develop veterinary and animal breeding services, and to improve food security and safety

To support rural development, to reduce poverty and income inequality, and to improve the social service delivery and quality

To develop partnerships between stakeholders including professional associations, research organizations, non-government organizations, herder organizations, cooperatives and international organizations, and to support public-private partnerships



8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH











5





















ACTIVITIES: OBJECTIVE-1. PASTURELAND, WATER RESOURCES, CLIMATE



- Establish "Sustainable livestock" revolving fund" in the local areas, which is replenished by pasture use fee.
- Conduct the scientific research and assessments on state of the pastureland and pastoral livestock sector
- Embed development of innovations and technologies
- Increase pastureland water supply
- Improve, irrigate and protect the hay making areas
- Support pastureland fallow and establishing improved reserve pastureland
- Develop management information system, traceability system and raw materials and products

















ACTIVITIES: OBJECTIVE 2. EFFICIENCY AND PRODUCTIVITY



- Develop optimization model for sustainable livestock sector
- Conduct a feasibility study to reintroduce procurement system of livestock raw materials and products, and enable the legal environment for the system
- Create production of livestock products for targeted markets
- Develop intensive livestock farming in peri-urban and crop area
- Develop light industries to process livestock products, and support primary processing in local areas ...
- Conduct a study to launch 'Unique Mongolian' products, introduce and develop technology















ACTIVITIES: OBJECTIVE-3. VETERINARY, BREEDING AND FOOD SAFETY



- Establish nation wide system of disease early diagnose and precaution
- Introduce appropriate medicine use for livestock
- Introduce technology and equipment on technical services for veterinary and animal breeding
- Support livestock husbandry that is adaptable to the local conditions, and support the demand driven livestock selection and breeding services
- Revise strategic plan of animal breeding services in Mongolia through extensive discussions among professional organizations
- Develop a project on "possibilities to improve trading of genetic resource of Mongolian livestock" in partnership with the UN Committee for Animal Genetic Resources
- Take actions to reduce trade barriers, support export
- Establish monitoring system on food security and quality of some livestock product

















ACTIVITIES: OBJECTIVE-4. RURAL DEVELOPMENT, POVERTY, INCOME INEQUALITY, SOCIAL SERVICE



- Improve the capacities of local professionals and officials
- Encourage young professionals and graduates to work in the rural areas...
- Access to social welfare systems train ...
- Conduct trainings for young herders to learn from senior or experienced herders through learning methods of practical field demonstrations and distance learning
- Develop policies for reducing income inequality, and supporting a prosperous rural middle class
- Support policies for securing and increasing job positions of assistant herders

















ACTIVITIES: OBJECTIVE-5. PARTNERSHIP



- Improve the participation of all stakeholders ...increase the investment
- Apply information technology and management information systems to monitor and evaluate the implementation and progress of the sustainable livestock sector
- ... establish "Comprehensive data and research network of livestock sector"
- Support stakeholder partnerships to encourage young persons to work for the livestock sector
- Promote and advocate for the value and importance of the livestock sector to the public
- Establish a platform to deliver livestock extension services through partnerships













CRITERIA

Nº	CRITERIA	Measurement unit	BASELINE (YEAR)	TARGET LEVEL (IN 2020)
1.1	Number of livestock that exceeds the pastureland carrying capacity	Million Sheep Unit	25	20
2.2	Gross livestock output per herder household, estimated by production method	Million MNT	21.76	30
2.3	Export of livestock products	Million USD	361.4	400
3.3	Number of occurrences of livestock infectious diseases	Number of soums were disease was registered, double counting	598	300
3.5	Number of livestock per veterinarian	Thousand heads of livestock	39.2	30
4.1	Share of herders who paid social insurance fee in total number of herders	%	19.3	40
4.2	Rural poverty rate	%	39.4	30
5.1	Total investment to the agriculture sector	Bln MNT	147.5	170
5.2	Share of herders at age of 15-34 in total number of herders	%	34.8	38













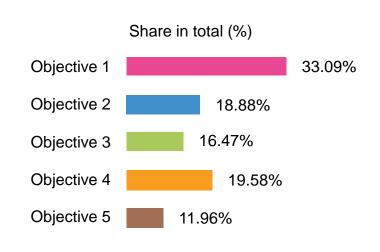




Budget To Implement The Action Plan



	Objectives	Billion MNT	Million USD
Objective 1	Pastureland, water resources, climate	38.77	16.0
Objective 2	Efficiency, productivity	22.12	9.2
Objective 3	Veterinary, breeding, food safety	19.3	8.0
Objective 4	Rural development, poverty, social service	22.95	9.5
Objective 5	Partnership	14.02	5.8
	TOTAL	117.16	48.5





















5. PROPOSED ACTIVITIES TO COLLABORATE WITH GASL

















No.	Activities
1.4	Conduct the scientific research and assessments on state of the pastureland and pastoral livestock sector
1.9	Develop management information system of livestock sector, traceability system of livestock raw materials and products, and expand livestock registration system
2.5	Develop light industries to process livestock products, and support primary processing in local areas
3.3	Improve efficiency and quality of livestock through introducing technology and equipment on technical services for veterinary and animal breeding, develop mechanization and automatization appropriate for pastoral livestock
4.3	Organize trainings for herders to provide up-to-date information and knowledge, for instance on topic of "Opportunities and ways to benefit from social welfare services"
5.2	Apply information technology and management information systems to monitor and evaluate the implementation and progress of the sustainable livestock sector; and to establish "Comprehensive data and research network of livestock sector"
5.5	Establish a platform to deliver livestock extension services to all stakeholders through strong partnerships















THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ATTENTION!







