GLOBAL AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE LIVESTOCK

FOCUS AREA 2: RESTORING VALUE TO GRASSLANDS

SENEGAL
Laiteir Du Berger Milk Collection in Ferlo Grasslands
The collection and the milkification of dairy production in pastoral areas by Laiteir Du Berger relies on the settlement of a dairy herd in the dry season. For each supplier farm, standardization and merchandising of dairy herd are only possible by concentration (change and concentration). The settlement of the family offers different opportunities foraccess to products and services. The most important is its integration in the local livestock markets. Laiteir Du Berger collects the milk by 32 milkers from the dairy herd. Regular regular training and support of the farmers enable the provision of sufficient quality milk.

RAJASTHAN - INDIA
The Dera
A Traditional Shepherding Institution
The dera is an effective indigenous institution for accessing resources throughout a nomadic migration cycle. It provides a traditional and effective means of organizing and managing livestock resources.

MEXICO
Linking Herders to Markets for Environmental Services
Markets for environmental services can provide incentives for herders to adopt sustainable management practices. The practices adopted must be developed through participatory and community-based planning.

CHINA
Sustainable Grassland Livestock Programme
A government encouraged innovative approach to grassland livestock system. The implementation of sustainable grassland livestock system was carried out at a household scale. With the help of ecology and traditional were achieved simultaneously.

INDIA
Commoning the Commons:
Rehabilitating Community Lands
Commons are not only a ‘refuge’ but also the foundation on which agriculture and livestock production systems rest. In a manner that strengthens their resilience. It is the commoned resource-agricultural complex that provides stability and security in an unpredictable environment.

BRAZIL
Natural Regeneration of Native Trees
For The Implementation of Sustainable Pastoral System
It is possible to combine livestock production and environment conservation without economic losses. Sustainable systems with native trees increase biodiversity.